

Divalent Metal Transport Systems Required by Rhizobium leguminosarum bv. viciae Graham Hood, Allan Downie and Philip Poole graham.hood@jic.ac.uk



Summary

- Rhizobium leguminosarum bv. viciae 3841 (Rlv3841) requires both Mn^{2+} and Mg^{2+} for effective symbiosis.
- ∆sitA mntH is Fix⁻ on pea and on Vicia faba.
- $\triangle mgtE$ is Fix-on pea but Fix+ on V. faba.

Manganese (Mn²⁺)

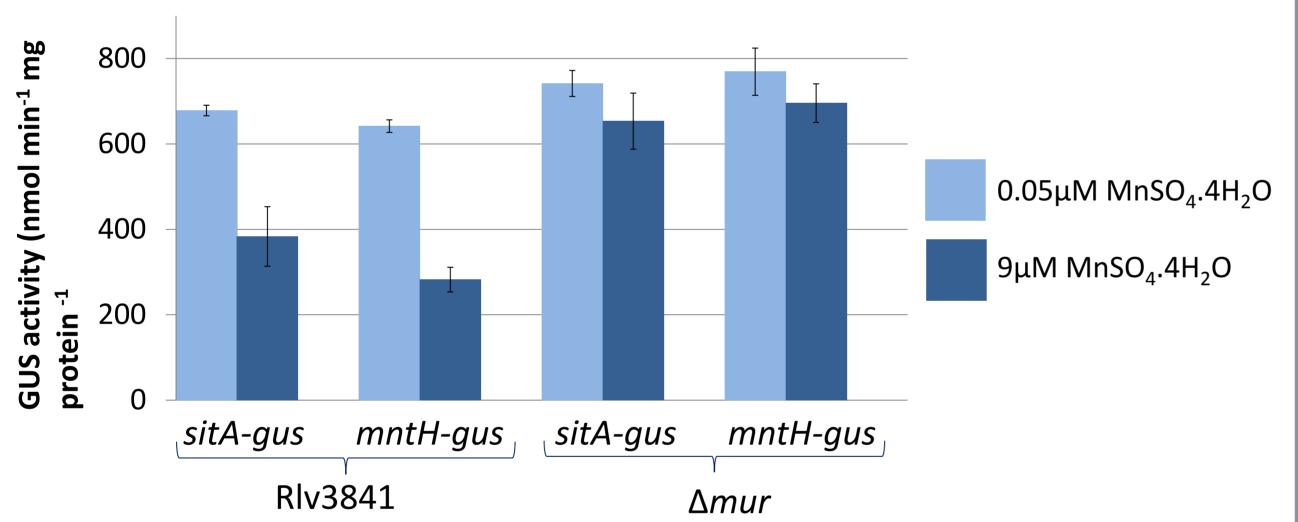
Rlv3841 utilises two types of Mn²⁺ transporters:

- 1) SitABCD. ABC transporter encoded by RL3884-87.
- 2) MntH. NRAMP (Natural Resistance Associated Macrophage Protein) encoded by RL0940.

Both are transcriptionally upregulated in early bacteroids compared to free-living cells.

- When both systems are absent ($\Delta sitA$ mntH) high Mn²⁺ supplementation is required for growth.
- Expression of sitA-gus and mntH-gus is upregulated under Mn^{2+} limitation Figure 1.
- Regulation is dependent on *m*anganese *u*ptake *r*egulator Mur (originally characterised by Díaz-Mireles *et al.,* 2004) **Figure 1**.

Figure 1.
Expression of sitA-gus and mntH-gus as determined by GUS activity.

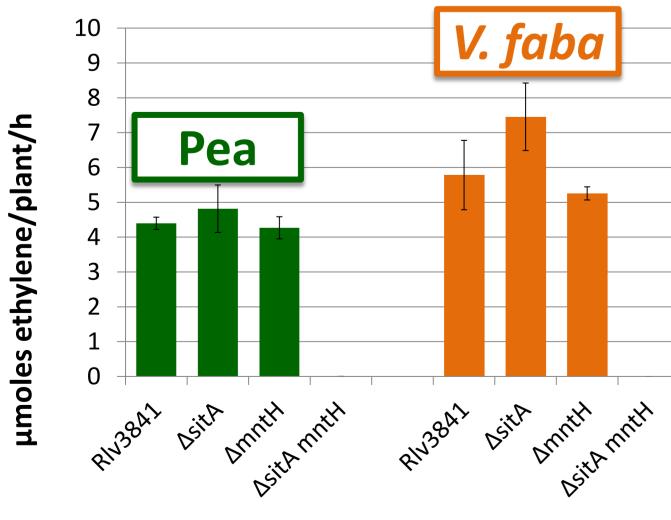


SYMBIOTIC PHENOTYPE

lack $\Delta sit A$ and $\Delta mnt H$ are both $f Fix^{\dagger}$ on pea and $\it V. faba$.

 $\Delta sitA \ mntH \ is \ Fix$ on pea and $V. \ faba \ Figures 2 \ and 3.$

Light microscopy and TEMs of nodule sections show plant cells devoid or sparsely packed with bacteroids for $\Delta sitA$ mntH—inoculated plants Figure 4.



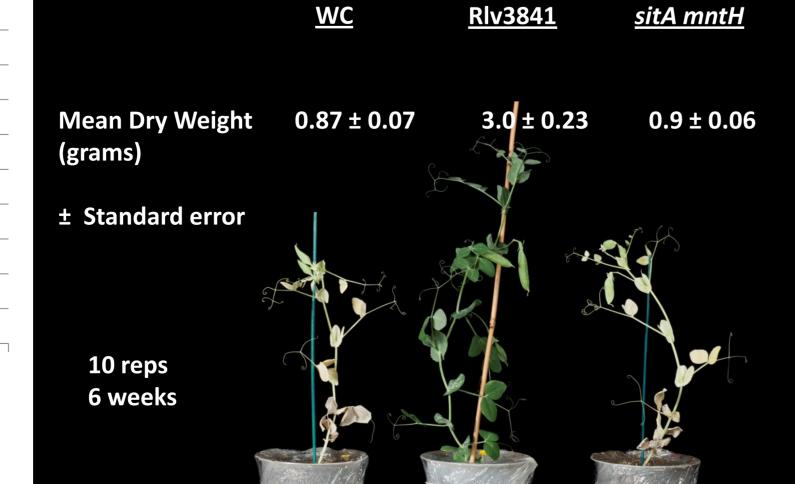


Figure 2. Rates of N_2 fixation as determined by acetylene reduction.

Figure 3. Photos and dry weights of six-week pea inoculated with Rlv3841 and Δ *sitA mntH*.

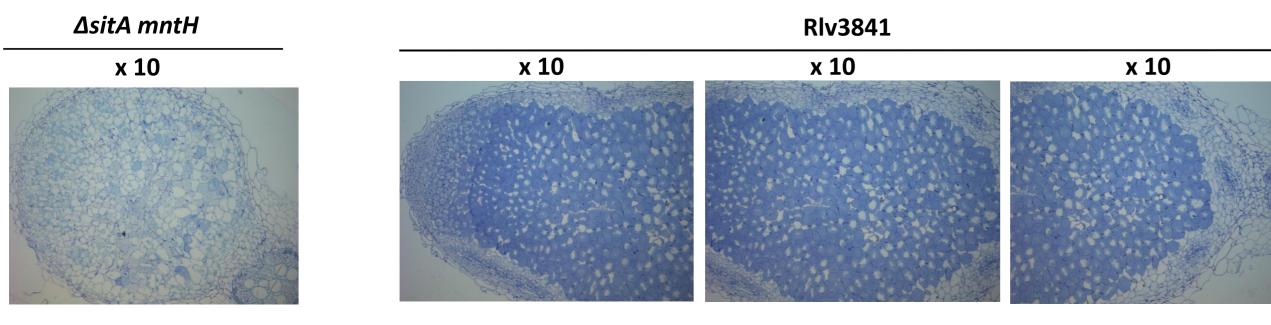


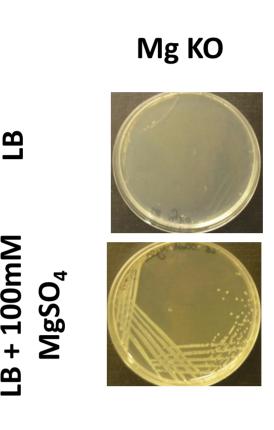
Figure 4. Nodule sections from pea inoculated with Δ sitA mntH (Fix⁻) and compared to Rlv3841 inoculated (Fix⁺).

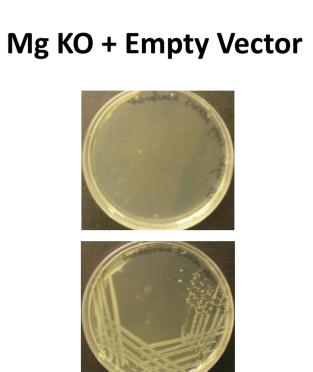
Magnesium (Mg²⁺)

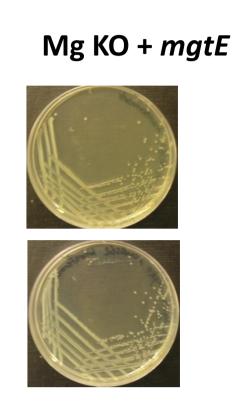
- Gene RL1461 encodes a putative MgtE transporter associated with Mg²⁺ uptake.
- A long lag phase is seen when this gene is inactivated ($\Delta mgtE$).
- RL1461 can complement an *Escherichia coli* strain (Hattori, M *et al.*, 2009) that is auxotrophic for Mg²⁺ uptake (Mg KO) **Figure 5**.

Figure 5.

Complementation of a *E. coli* strain auxotrophic for Mg²⁺ uptake with *mgtE* (RL1461) from Rlv3841.







SYMBIOTIC PHENOTYPE

- On pea, $\triangle mgtE$ is severely defected in its ability to fix N_2 Figures 6 and 7 but is able to infect plant cells and form branched-shaped bacteroids.
- On **V. faba** a **Fix**⁺ phenotype was observed **Figure 6**.
- Metal transporters required by a *Rhizobium* strain for effective symbiosis **differ** between legume hosts.

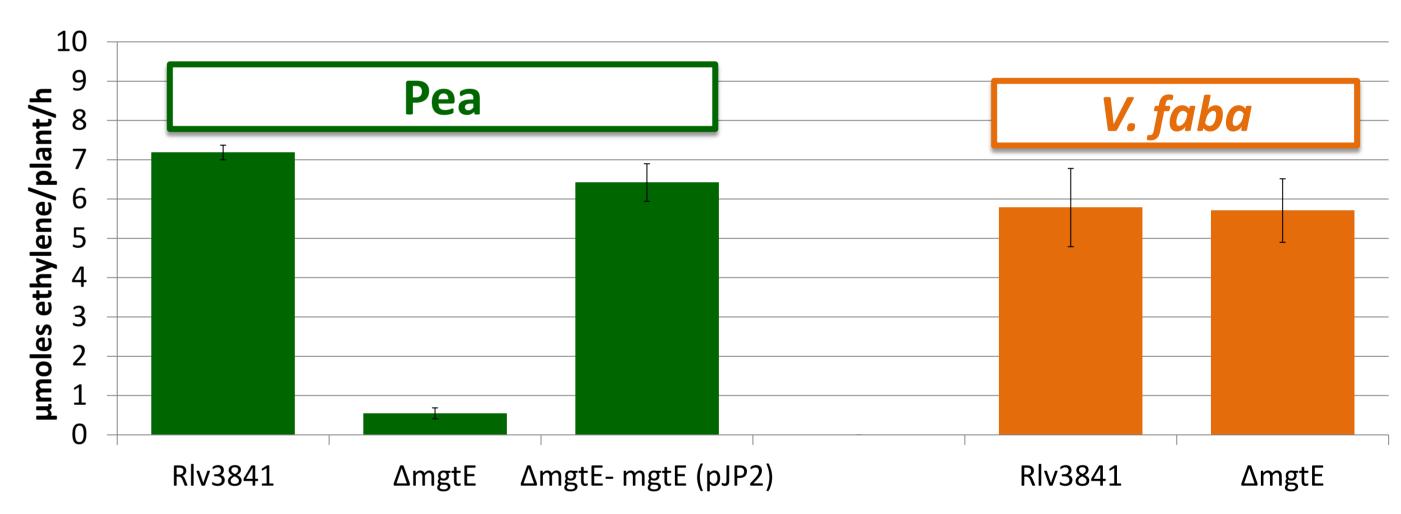


Figure 6. Rates of N₂ fixation as determined by acetylene reduction.

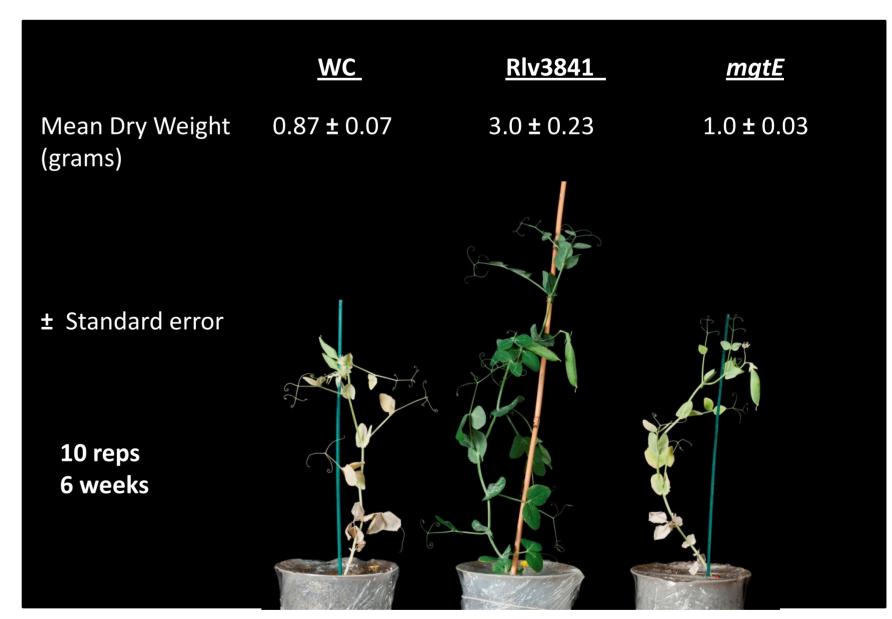


Figure 7. Photos and dry weights of six-week pea inoculated with Rlv3841 and Δ mgtE.

Future Directions

Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy to determine concentrations of the two metals in pea and *V. faba* nodules.

Investigate requirement of Mn²⁺ by *R. leguminosarum* bv. *viciae* and *R. leguminosarum* bv. *phaseoli* in **indeterminate** and **determinate** nodules (respectively).